

CRIME-DETERRENT MAILBOX INDICATOR ASSEMBLY

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This utility patent application claims benefit of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/412,862, filed September 23, 2002, entitled "Crime-Deterrent Mailbox Indicator Assembly," which application is incorporated herein by reference.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates generally to the field of mailbox accessories. More specifically, the present invention relates to a visual indicator assembly affixed to a mailbox that signals a person when mail is in their mailbox. Even more specifically, the present invention relates to a visual indicator assembly that is easily disabled for safety purposes for the user and deterring crime.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] In areas where houses are spaced far apart and set back from the street, such as rural areas, homeowners ordinarily have mailboxes that are likewise substantially far from the house. When the mailbox is substantially distant from the house, it is difficult for the homeowner to determine whether or not the mail has arrived, apart from actually seeing the mail carrier deposit the mail in the mailbox or by actually walking a long distance to check the mailbox. Neither of these methods is very practical or time efficient for the homeowner. Moreover, checking an empty mailbox is an annoying occurrence for the homeowner.

[0004] As a result, homeowners have attempted to develop ways to notify the homeowner that mail has been deposited in the mailbox. One such attempt has been to incorporate a visual signal on the mail box that notifies the homeowner when the mailbox lid has been opened. In one example, a resilient member is attached to the mailbox that is positioned between a substantially horizontal position when the mailbox door is closed and a substantially vertical position when the mailbox door has been opened. One problem with such a design, as addressed in U.S. Patent No. 5,816,489 to Stockman, has been inadequate safety measures for the mail carrier and users of the box. That is, the resilient member may quickly into an upright position when the mailbox lid is opened, thereby harming the mail carrier or other person opening the mailbox. To address this problem, Stockman discloses the use of a visual indicator attached to the resilient elongated member, with a tip protector further attached to the visual indicator.

[0005] While Stockman provides a safety device to the person opening the mailbox of the visual indicator by adding the tip protector, there remains a problem with prior visual indicators used on mailboxes. In particular, a drawback with such designs is that they do not include a means for easily disabling the indicator by the homeowner. As a result, an indicator that remains up for a period of time, such as an overnight period up to an extended period of days, will signify to potential burglars and other criminals that the homeowner is not present and therefore is not available to foil an attempted crime.

[0006] What is desired, then, and not found in the prior art, is a safe mailbox indicator that provides notice to the homeowner of receipt of mail and that also is hidden to conceal when the homeowner's absence from the home.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0007] The crime-deterrent mailbox indicator assembly of the present invention is attached to a conventional mailbox to provide notification to a user of the presence of materials in the mailbox. The assembly includes a display member that is connected to the mailbox using a resilient member. The display member in the preferred embodiment is a lightweight rod that can easily be moved by a user, and it is attached to the resilient member that is preferably a conventional spring or coil that is able to easily bend as directed by a user and then recoil to the original position when no force is applied. The mailbox indicator assembly additionally includes a notification latch that is attached to the front door of the mailbox and a locking attachment affixed to the side of the mailbox, which are each used as latches to engage the display member.

[0008] The display member will be in an upright and relaxed position when the display member does not engage either the notification latch or the locking attachment, thus indicating that materials are present in the mailbox. When the display member engages the notification latch, the display member will be deflected and substantially hidden until the door is opened, at which time the display member will return to the relaxed, upright position. Finally, when the display member engages the locking attachment, the display member will be indefinitely blocked from returning to the upright position, thereby preventing the undesired effect of notifying strangers and potential criminals of the absence of the user.

[0009] These and other objects and advantages of the invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment of the invention.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

[0010] A crime-deterrent mailbox indicator assembly embodying the features of the present invention is depicted in the accompanying drawing which form a portion of this disclosure and wherein:

[0011] Figure 1 is a side elevational view of the mailbox indicator assembly of the present invention, with the mailbox indicator assembly being in a relaxed position;

[0012] Figure 2 is a side elevational view of the mailbox indicator assembly of the present invention, with the mailbox indicator assembly being in a temporarily detained position;

[0013] Figure 3 is a side elevational view of the mailbox indicator assembly of the present invention, with the mailbox indicator assembly being in a locked position;

[0014] Figure 4 is a side elevational view of the mailbox showing the position of mailbox indicator;

[0015] Figure 5 is a front elevational view of the door to the mailbox, with the indicator hook bracket attached thereto; and

[0016] Figure 6 is a sectional view of the mailbox illustrating one embodiment for mounting the security member to the mailbox.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

[0017] Looking now to Figures 1 through 6, the mailbox indicator assembly **10** of the present invention is illustrated. The mailbox indicator assembly **10** is attached to a conventional mailbox **12** having a front door **14** pivotally attached thereto. The purpose of the mailbox indicator assembly **10** is to provide notice to the user that the front door **14** of the mailbox **12** has been opened, with the associated implication being that mail and other materials have been placed in

the mailbox **12**. As a result, the user will know from a location remote from the mailbox **12**, such as the user's house, that the mailbox **12** has mail to be collected. Such a design prevents the user from making unnecessary trips to the mailbox **12** only to learn that no materials have been placed in the mailbox **12**.

[0018] Continuing to view Figure 1, the mailbox indicator assembly **10** includes a display member **16** that is connected to the mailbox **12** using a resilient member **18**. The display member **16** in one embodiment of the invention is a lightweight rod **17**, comprised of plastic or a lightweight metal, that can easily be moved by a user. The display member **16** may include a flag **24** or other means to aid in notifying observers of the presence of materials in the mailbox **12**. The resilient member **18** is preferably a conventional spring or coil that is able to easily bend as directed by a user and then recoil to the original position when no force is applied. The resilient member **18** may be affixed to the mailbox **12** in a number of ways, including a bracket **19** as illustrated in Figure 1. Consequently, the display member **16** will be in an upright position as shown in Figure 1 when no pressure or barrier prevents the display member **16** from being in the upright, substantially vertical position.

[0019] In addition to the display member **16**, the mailbox indicator assembly **10** includes two securing members to lock the display member **16** in a temporary locking position and a constant locking position. More specifically, one such securing member is a notification latch **20** that is attached to the front door **14** of the mailbox **12**. The second is a locking attachment **22** affixed to the side of the mailbox **12**. Both the notification latch **20** and the locking attachment **22** are used to bend and deflect and substantially hide the display member **16** proximate the mailbox **12**, as discussed further herein.

[0020] Comparing Figures 1 through 3, the mailbox indicator assembly **10** is in one of three positions during normal operation. That is, the display member **16** is one of the following positions: a display position, in which the display member **16** is substantially vertical with the resilient member **18** being in a relaxed, straightened position (as shown in Figure 1); a detained position, in which the display member **16** is substantially horizontal in a temporarily held position in contact with the notification latch **20** (as shown in Figure 2); or a locked position, in which the display member **16** is substantially horizontal in a continuously secured position in contact with the locking attachment **22** (as shown in Figure 3).

[0021] The notification latch **20** is typically a bracket, small bar, or similar element, and the user will move the display member **16** to contact the notification latch **20** as shown in Figure 2 when the user is awaiting the receipt of materials in the mailbox **12**. Once the door **14** is opened, the notification latch **20** will no longer contact the display member **16**. Consequently, the display member **16** will return to the relaxed position, thereby providing notification to the user and any other observer that the materials should be in the mailbox **12**. Once the user has removed the materials from the mailbox **12**, the display member **16** will be reset the detained position to engage the notification latch **20** and wait for the next time that the door **14** is opened.

[0022] While the design discussed thus far provides an excellent means for notifying the user that the door **14** has been opened and therefore it is likely that materials are present in the mailbox **12**, the design also provides notice to all observers whether the user has retrieved the materials from the mailbox **12**. More importantly, if the display member **16** remains in the relaxed position as illustrated in Figure 1, then it provides a clear notice to all observers that the owner is not at home to retrieve the materials. Thus, this further provides a notice to potential

criminals that the user's home is not occupied, and therefore the criminal would have the best opportunity for a successful heist.

[0023] To address this problem and to deter such criminal activity, the mailbox indicator assembly **10** additionally includes the locking attachment **22** attached to the mailbox **12**. The locking attachment **22** may be a hook, tab, or other protrusion that is positioned proximate the door **14** and lower than the notification latch **20** (see Figure 1). In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 6, the locking attachment **22** is a hook pivotally secured to one side of the mailbox **12**.

[0024] Looking to Figure 3, the user can move the display member **16** into a locked position by positioning the display member **16** in contact beneath the locking attachment **22**. As a result, the display member **16** will remain in the locked position indefinitely, undisturbed by the movement of the door **14**. Since the display member **16** remains in the locked position, observers are not blatantly notified that the user has not examined the mailbox **12** for its contents, and therefore observers are not alerted to the absence of the users. Thus, by easily locking and disabling the display member **16**, the user is able to continue to receive mail while avoiding the notification of criminals that the user is away from the house by the display member **16** being continuously upright.

[0025] Finally, it is simple for the user to unlock the display member **16** to return the mailbox indicator assembly **10** to normal operation. The user simply moves the display member **16** to engage the notification latch **20** rather than the locking attachment **22**, and the display member **16** will once again notify the user when the door **14** is opened.

[0026] The method for affixing the mailbox indicator assembly **10** to the mailbox **12** is illustrated in Figures 4 through 6. Looking to Figure 4, three holes **40**, **42**, and **44** are drilled into one side of the mailbox **12**. Preferably the holes are 4.25 inches above the base **46** of the

mailbox 12. The first hole 40 is approximately 8.5 inches from the opening of the mailbox 12, and the second hole 42 is approximately one inch from the first hole 40. The third hole 44 is positioned in a horizontal line with first and second holes 40, 42, and is approximately one inch from the opening of the mailbox 12. The spring 18 is mounted to the wall of the mailbox 12 using the first and second holes 40, 42 and two nuts and two screws (not illustrated).

[0027] The locking attachment 22 or hook is next mounted to the wall of the mailbox 12 using a screw 46, two nuts 48, and a washer 50 (see Figure 6). The locking attachment 22 will swing downwardly when not engaging the display member 16 such that the locking attachment 22 will not be in the way of operation of the display member 16. However, when the user wishes to secure the position of the display member 16, the user will rotate the locking attachment 22 approximately 180 degrees, and the display member 16 will be pulled by the user to engage the arched portion of the locking attachment 22. This position is used only when the user does not want the display member 16 to stand upright as the door 14 is opened. Moreover, the engagement of the locking attachment 22 by the display member 16 will determinedly secure the position of the display member 16.

[0028] When the user decides to once again use the display member 16, the user will simply disengage the display member 16 from the locking attachment 22. The locking attachment 22 will concurrently rotate back to a lowered position that prevents that locking attachment 22 from easily encountering the display member 16 during operation. Consequently, the locking attachment 22 will not rotate back into an interfering position until desired by the user.

[0029] Thus, although there have been described particular embodiments of the present invention of a new and useful CRIME-DETERRENT MAILBOX INDICATOR ASSEMBLY, it

is not intended that such references be construed as limitations upon the scope of this invention except as set forth in the following claims.